or alcoholic bitters, directly or indirectly, at any place within the limits of Garrett county.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 12, sec. 140. 1886, ch. 241.

335. If any person, house, company, association or body politic shall sell, directly or indirectly, any spirituous or fermented liquors or alcoholic bitters, within the limits of said county, he, they or it, shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or instead of such fine, be imprisoned in the county jail for sixty days, or until discharged by due process of law, or both, in the discretion of the court.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 12, sec. 141. 1886, ch. 241.

Nothing contained in the two preceding sections shall be construed to prevent the compounding or sale of any such liquors for medicinal purposes by a pharmacist and druggist, who shall or may obtain a license under the license laws of this State, for the prosecution of the business of pharmacy, and upon a written bona fide prescription of a regular practicing physician, whose name shall be signed thereto; and all such prescriptions shall be filed and kept by such pharmacist and druggist; and no prescription shall serve for more than one purchase; but no physician shall make or sign any such prescription unless the person for whom it is made is actually sick, and such liquor is deemed by said physician necessary as a medicine; any physician who shall make or sign any prescription for liquor, except as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of said sections, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for the first offense, and not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offence; and if the buyer shall obtain a prescription by misrepresentation, he shall likewise be deemed guilty of a violation of said sections, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to the same fine as a physician who shall violate the same; one-half of said fine shall be paid to the informer, and the residue to the board of school commissioners of said county for the benefit of the public schools thereof; and said violators shall be committed to the county jail of said county until such fine and costs are paid; but nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a sale by a pharmacist or druggist, in case of extreme illness, where delay may be dangerous to the patient.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 12, sec. 142. 1886, ch. 241.

337. All prosecutions for violations of this sub-title of this Article, may either be upon presentment and indictment, or by trial before a justice of the peace, who shall have jurisdiction, original and concurrent, with the circuit court for said county; and the said justice shall have power to issue process, and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of his said jurisdiction; and may try and determine all cases whereof he may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment and sentence to the same extent and manner as the circuit court for said county